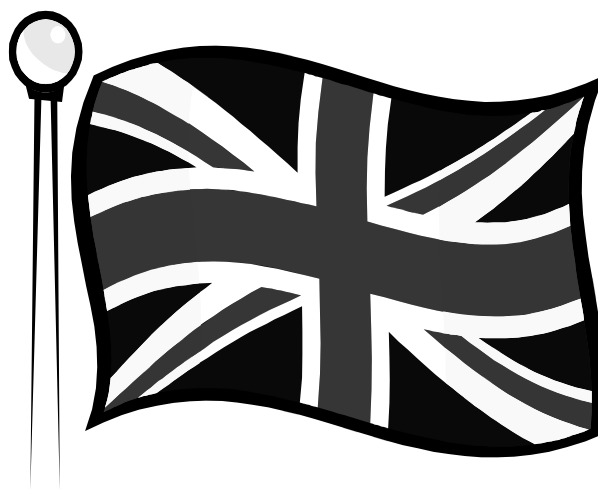


Małe olimpiady przedmiotowe

Test z języka angielskiego



Organizatorzy:

Wydział
Edukacji
Urzędu Miasta

Centrum
Edukacji
Nauczycieli

Szkoła
Podstawowa
nr 17

Szkoła
Podstawowa
nr 18

Imię i nazwisko.....

Szkoła

Drogi Uczniu,

test składa się z 5 zadań, na ich rozwiązanie masz 80 minut.

Wszystkie odpowiedzi zapisz w teście, następnie oddaj go członkom komisji.

Nie zapomnij wpisać swoich danych.

Powodzenia!

LISTENING

1. Usłyszysz dwukrotnie wywiad z Paulem Carrack’iem, wokalistą zespołu *Mike and the Mechanics*. Zdecyduj, które zdania są prawdziwe T , a które fałszywe F i zaznacz to znakiem X w tabeli. W czasie słuchania możesz robić notatki.

	T	F
1. Paul has had many different jobs.		
2. He had regular music lessons.		
3. He left school when he was sixteen years old.		
4. He was playing in pubs and clubs to make money.		
5. The song <i>How long?</i> was his first hit record.		
6. He has made about thirty records.		
7. His records are often played on the radio in America.		
8. This hasn’t been a busy year for him.		

READING

2. Przeczytaj uważnie tekst. Zdecyduj, które zdania są prawdziwe T, a które fałszywe F i zaznacz to znakiem X w tabeli.

The twentieth century’s instrument

Think of rock music – anything from Elvis Presley and the Beatles to Guns ‘n’ Roses – and you will think of one musical instrument – the electric guitar. Rock music was created by the electric guitar.

The ordinary acoustic guitar has been played for centuries. It’s easy to play. It’s light and easy to carry. You can play it and sing at the same time. But the guitar has one problem – it isn’t very loud.

This problem was solved in 1931 when the first electric guitar was produced in the USA by Adolph Rickenbacker. It was very simple and it didn’t look very exciting. In fact, people called it ‘the electric frying pan.’ But popular music was revolutionized by this simple instrument.

In an electric guitar small microphones, or pickups, are placed under the strings. These pickups are connected to an amplifier and a speaker. There are controls for volume and tone on the guitar and on the amplifier. With modern electronics one guitar can be louder than a whole orchestra.

Today millions of electric guitars are sold around the world. The two most popular types were both developed in the 1950s and they have changed very little since then. The LesPaul is made by the Gibson guitar company and it is greatly loved by heavy metal guitarists like Slash of Guns ‘n’ Roses. But the most popular guitar of all is the Stratocaster. It is made by Fender and has been played by many famous rock guitarists including Jimi Hendrix, Keith Richards of the Rolling Stones and Eric Clapton.

Until 1980s more guitars were sold in the USA than any other instrument. Since then, however, the guitar has been overtaken by the electronic keyboard, and in the future more and more music will be produced by computers. But the electric guitar won’t be replaced. Keyboards and computers are all right in the recording studio, but on stage they can’t compete with the raw energy of the guitar. Stratocasters and Les Pauls will be seen and heard on the rock stage into the next century and beyond.

	T	F
1. A normal guitar is called an acoustic guitar.		
2. Guitars are difficult to play.		
3. The first electric guitar was produced in the 1930s.		
4. The first electric guitar was called a Stratocaster.		
5. In an electric guitar the strings are connected to the speaker.		
6. Slash plays Les Paul.		
7. The Stratocaster is made by the Gibson guitar company.		
8. A lot of modern music is played on electronic keyboards.		
9. On stage it is better to use a keyboard than a guitar.		
10. Electric guitars won't be used in the future.		

USE OF ENGLISH

3. Przeczytaj uważnie poniższy tekst. Przetłumacz polskie fragmenty na język angielski, zwracając uwagę na poprawność gramatyczną i ortograficzną. Zastanów się, jak w języku angielskim wyrażamy wymagane zwroty. Pisz drukowanymi literami.

My hobby

I started (uczyć się) 1..... the guitar when I was ten years old. I am seventeen now, so I have been playing (od siedmiu lat) 2.....

My first guitar was a present (od mojego wujka) 3..... It was very old and (wymagała) 4..... repairing but I loved it.

(Na moje dwunaste urodziny) 5....., my father bought me a brand-new one, and I started going to private guitar lessons. Sometimes I play (na gitarze elektrycznej) 6..... It is (bardzo głośna) 7..... and my mother hates it. Unfortunately it is not (moja) 8....., it is my friend's.

My ambition is to play in a rock band and make records. I (chciałbym) 9..... to travel around the world, playing (w różnych krajach) 10.....

My friend is a good singer, so we are going to form a band together.

4. W liście Sama brakuje właściwych form czasowników. Uzupełnij je, zwracając uwagę na znaczenie całego zdania.

Dear Jackie,

Thank you very much for your letter. It was great to hear from you.

I have left school. I (leave) in July. I (be) fed up with it and I (want) to earn some money. I (work) for a newspaper in London. It's great.

Betty (leave) school, too. I (not see) since she (go) to college. Casey (see)

..... her last week. She (play)
 badminton with Sue. Casey says he didn't recognize her because she (look)
 very different.

Vince, Sue and Casey (be) still at school, but they (not
 see) each other very often. I (go out)
 with Sue now.

Sue and Vince (learn)..... to drive. They (be)
 17 last month. Mr Scott (teach) them in
 his car. I (see) them yesterday. Sue (drive)

.....

Some new people (move)..... into your old house, but I (not
 meet) them yet.

Well that's all the news for now. I hope that you (write)
 again.

*Bye for now,
 Love,
 Sam*

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

5. Połącz zdania 1-7 z odpowiedziami A-J. Dobrze się zastanów, te wyrażenia mają podobne znaczenia w języku polskim. Nie wszystkie odpowiedzi zostaną wykorzystane.

1 Oh, I've got hiccups.	A Well, you can kiss that goodbye!
2 I've just crashed my parents' car.	B Oh, I know. He's always blowing his own trumpet.
3 I'm trying to give up smoking.	C They'll hit you when they find out.
4 I'm sick of him telling me how brilliant he is!	D Try holding your breath!
5 I lent them £ 20 two weeks ago.	E Yes. Drop me a line with your new address.
6 We must keep in contact when I move house.	F Yes, he's brilliant at playing the trumpet.
7 She spends a lot of time with her grandchildren.	G They'll hit the roof when you tell them!
	H You can tell that she thinks the world of them.
	I You shouldn't borrow money from them.
	J Well done! I'm sure you can kick the habit.

1....., 2....., 3....., 4....., 5....., 6....., 7.....

1.

	T	F
1. Paul has had many different jobs.		v
2. He had regular music lessons.		v
3. He left school when he was sixteen years old.	v	
4. He was playing in pubs and clubs to make money.	v	
5. The song <i>How long?</i> was his first hit record.	v	
6. He has made about thirty records.		v
7. His records are often played on the radio in America.	v	
8. This hasn't been a busy year for him.		v

2.

	T	F
1. A normal guitar is called an acoustic guitar.	v	
2. Guitars are difficult to play.		v
3. The first electric guitar was produced in the 1930s.	v	
4. The first electric guitar was called a Stratocaster.		v
5. In an electric guitar the strings are connected to the speaker.		v
6. Slash plays Les Paul.	v	
7. The Stratocaster is made by the Gibson guitar company.		v
8. A lot of modern music is played on electronic keyboards.	v	
9. On stage it is better to use a keyboard than a guitar.		v
10. Electric guitars won't be used in the future.		v

3.

I started (uczyć się) 1... **learning...** the guitar when I was ten years old. I am seventeen now, so I have been playing (od siedmiu lat) 2 ... **for seven years**

My first guitar was a present (od mojego wujka) 3... **from my uncle**.... It was very old and (wymagała) 4...**needed** ... repairing but I loved it.

(Na moje dwunaste urodziny) 5... **For my 12th (twelfth) birthday**..., my father bought me a brand-new one, and I started going to private guitar lessons. Sometimes I play (na gitarze elektrycznej) 6...**an electric guitar** It is (bardzo głośna) 7...**very loud**... and my mother hates it. Unfortunately it is not (moja) 8.....**mine** ..., it is my friend's.

My ambition is to play in a rock band and make records. I (chciałbym) 9 ...**'d like (would like)**... to travel around the world, playing (w różnych krajach)10... **in different countries** ...

My friend is a good singer, so we are going to form a band together.

4.

Dear Jackie,

Thank you very much for your letter. It was great to hear from you.

I have left school. I (leave) ...**left**... in July. I (be) ...**was**... fed up with it and I (want) ...**wanted**... to earn some money. I (work) ...**am working**... for a newspaper in London. It's great.

Betty (leave) ...**has left** ... school, too. I (not see) ...**haven't seen** her since she (go) ...**went**..... to college. Casey (see) ...**saw**..... her last week. She (play) ...**was playing**..... badminton with Sue. Casey says he didn't recognize her because she (look) ...**looked**..... very different.

Vince, Sue and Casey (be) ...**are**.... still at school, but they (not see) ...**don't see**... each other very often. I (go out) ...**am going** with Sue now.

Sue and Vince (learn)...**are learning**... to drive. They (be) ...**were**..... 17 last month. Mr Scott (teach)**is teaching**..... them in his car. I (see) ...**saw**..... them yesterday. Sue (drive)**was driving**.. .

Some new people (move).....**have moved**... into your old house, but I (not meet)**haven't met**..... them yet.

Well that's all the news for now. I hope that you (write) ...**will write**..... again.

Bye for now,

Love,

5. 1...**D.**, 2 **C.**, 3.**J.**, 4. **B.**, 5**A.**, 6...**E.**, 7...**H.**